

## Circular Economy (Scotland) Bill — Stage 3

### Section 1

#### **Sarah Boyack**

93 In section 1, page 1, line 12, at end insert—

<( ) must set out how the practice of offshoring waste by exporting waste outside of Scotland, will be reduced,>

#### **Monica Lennon**

94 In section 1, page 1, line 12, at end insert—

<( ) must set out an estimate of the costs and benefits associated with any proposals and policies set out in the strategy,>

#### **Monica Lennon**

95 In section 1, page 1, line 19, at end insert—

<( ) reusable items are given priority over single-use items wherever possible,>

#### **Sarah Boyack**

96 In section 1, page 1, line 25, at end insert—

<( ) as far as possible, the use of virgin materials is reduced,  
( ) a transition to shifting product design, manufacture, use and recovery as far as possible up the waste hierarchy is supported, as defined in the Waste Management Licensing (Scotland) Regulations S.S.I. 2011/228,  
( ) goods, products and materials are managed domestically, as far as possible,  
( ) global just transition principles are embedded and due diligence in material supply chains is developed,  
( ) domestic just transition principles are aligned as set out in any Climate Change Plan prepared under section 35 of the Climate Change (Scotland) Act 2009.>

#### **Monica Lennon**

97 In section 1, page 2, line 6, after <2009> insert <, in particular—

<( ) how any proposals and policies set out in the strategy are expected to affect different sectors of the Scottish economy and different regions in Scotland, including how they are expected to affect employment in those sectors and regions, and  
( ) setting out any proposals and policies for supporting workforce, employers and communities in those sectors and regions.>

#### **Maurice Golden**

98 In section 1, page 2, line 9, at end insert—

- <( ) In preparing the circular economy strategy, the Scottish Ministers must have regard to the key sectors for achieving the circular economy including construction, steel, plastics and textiles.>

**Maurice Golden**

**44A** As an amendment to amendment 44, line 4, after <economy> insert <, and set out how any such schemes will prioritise products and packaging in relation to—

- ( ) carbon footprint,
- ( ) use of virgin materials,
- ( ) value when reused, refurbished or recycled,
- ( ) potential contribution to a just transition,
- ( ) associated cost of recovery or disposal for local authorities,
- ( ) social and economic impacts.>

**After section 5**

**Maurice Golden**

**99** After section 5, insert—

*<Duty to prepare circular economy plan*

**Duty to prepare circular economy plan**

- (1) Each public body must—
  - (a) prepare a circular economy plan, and
  - (b) submit it to the Scottish Ministers for approval.
- (2) A circular economy plan is a plan which—
  - (a) sets out how the public body will—
    - (i) report on how its activities contribute to the delivery of a circular economy, as set out in section 1(3), in particular through procurement,
    - (ii) improve how its activities will contribute to the delivery of a circular economy,
  - (b) sets the date by which any improvements are intended to be carried out.
- (3) A public body, in preparing its circular economy plan, must have regard to—
  - (a) the best way to contribute to the delivery of the circular economy strategy,
  - (b) such matters as the Scottish Ministers may direct.
- (4) In this section, a “public body” has the same meaning within section 3(1)(a) of the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002.>

**Section 6**

**Sarah Boyack**

**100** In section 6, page 4, line 7, after <reducing> insert <carbon emissions associated with>

## Section 9

**Sarah Boyack**

**101** In section 9, page 8, line 1, at end insert—

<( ) The regulations may not provide for charges where the item is made from polylactic acid (PLA) or crystallised polylactic acid (CPLA).>

## Section 12

**Monica Lennon**

**102** In section 12, page 17, line 14, at end insert—

<( ) The code must promote any reusable schemes operated by a local authority.>

**Monica Lennon**

**103** In section 12, page 17, line 18, at end insert—

<( ) the items of household waste that are single-use that can be replaced by reusable items,>

## Section 13

**Monica Lennon**

**104** In section 13, page 18, line 23, at end insert—

<( ) make further provision for the promotion of reuse to assist local authorities to achieve their targets,>

## After section 16

**Monica Lennon**

**105** After section 16, insert—

*<Scheme for reusable nappies*

### **Scheme for reusable nappies**

- (1) Each local authority must, by 30 April 2026, make a scheme for their area to provide free access to reusable nappies for a child to all persons who need them living within the local authority's area.
- (2) A scheme may specify—
  - (a) the number of reusable nappies that are available under the scheme,
  - (b) the provision of an individual or a packet of reusable nappies for trial purposes for any persons interested in using reusable nappies,
  - (c) the requirement for local authorities to prepare and publish guidance on how to use reusable nappies,

- (d) the requirement for local authorities to advertise the location of charities or volunteer groups that stock free or discounted reusable and disposable nappies as well as any charities or volunteer groups which provide a lending service of reusable nappies.>